

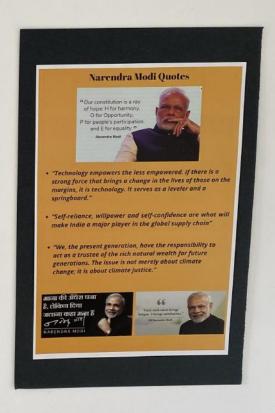


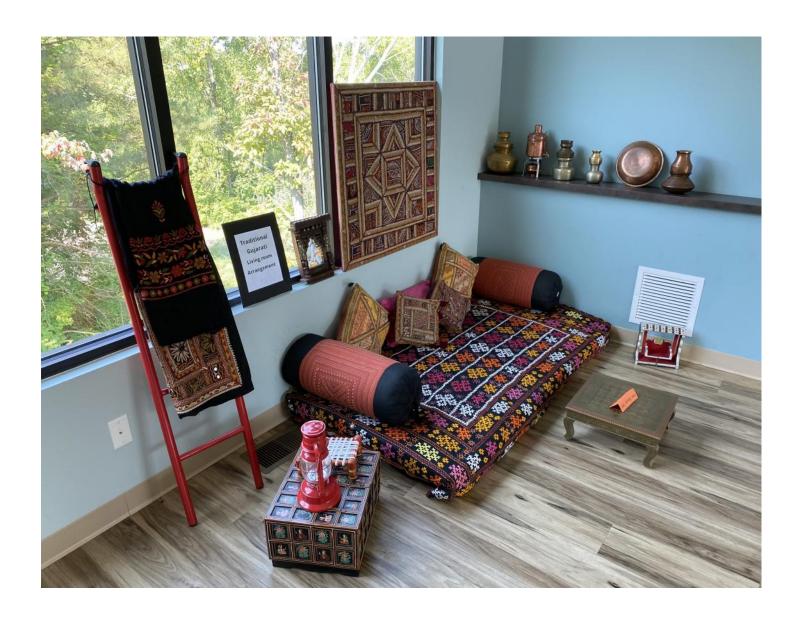
Narendra Modi

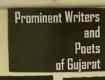
- Born & brought up in Vadnagar, Mehsana district in Gujarat, Narendra Modi is the current Prime Minister of India and the former Chief Minister of Gujarat.
- He is regarded as the person responsible for the enormous economic development of the state.
- Modi is also the longest-serving CM of Gujarat, having held the position for thirteen years.
- He is regarded as one of the most dynamic PMs of India.
- Forbes lists him as the 15th most powerful person in the world.
- He is also the second most followed politician on social media after US President Barack Obama.











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NARSINH MEHTA (1414-1481)

'વૈષ્ણવ જન તો તેને કહિયે જે વીડ પરાઇ જાણે રે પર દુ એ ઉપકાર કરે તો યે મન અભિમાન ના આણે રે વૈષ્ણવ જન તો તેને કહિયે જે પીડ પરાઇ જાણે રે…

Narsinh Mehta was also known as Narsinh Bhagat, because of his devotion to Lord Krishna. He was honored as the First Poet (Adi Kasi) of Gujusti literature. He wrote many Prabhatias (morning devotional songs). His famous composition was Konserbai Nu Mameru, a song about his daughter's wedding.



NARMADASHANKAR LABHSHANKAR DAVE (1833-1886)

'જન જય સરવી ગુજરાત. દીપે અરુલું પરભાત. હજ પ્રકાશણ અનુબ કર્સુઓ પ્રેપશીર્યખંડીત તું ભાગ ભાગ નીજ હતની સાઈને પ્રેમ લક્ક્તીની રીતઉંચી તુંજ સુંદર જાત. જય જય સરવી ગુજરાત…"

off gite 900. 40 at 40 etc.) 45 cm.

He was popularly known as Narmad. He was
a poet, play writer, essayist and a social
reformer. He was regarded as the father of
Guirari grose. He were his autobiography
known as "Mari Hakklar." This was the first
ever autobiography written in Guijarati. He
poom Jia Jia Garsi Guirari became very
tamous as it described and praised the entire
State of Guirara.



KAVI KALAPI (1874-1900)

Sursinhij Takhasinhiji Gohd, populaely known by his pen name. Kalagi, Kalagi had an sternad place in the learns of the people as a poet, an afectionary his gand a dedicated lover. His notable works are Kalagi No Kelaurus (poetpe book) and Kalamira (No Prasu (an sasay). In his encendramen, the Indian National thrates, since 1997, gives Kalayi Award to an accomplished Gujarati Garal poet annually.



ZAVERCHAND KALIDAS MEGHANI (1896-1947)

ેટકત ટપકતી શી શી ઝોળી સપરાચલથી આવે. કેસરવરણી સપરસેવિકા કોમલ સંજ બિછાવે. પ્રાપય મરતા મરતા છે માતની આઝાદી ચાર્ચ :

He was a poer, writer, social reformer and freedom fighter. Malastran Gandhi gove him the site of "Rashriya Shayar Chairead Poer". He contributed widely to Gujerati fold. Hierarune: He wrote Surrashra Ni Radhar, a famous book describing the state where he leved. He translated Marie Lacoste's famous poem titled Scowebody. Durling with his own medifications with title with the contribution of the contribu



KANAIYALAL MANEKLAL MUNSHI (1887-1971)

He was a prolific writer in Oujarati and English and curred a reputation as one Oujarat's granted literary figures. A lower by profession, he later turned to author and politicish. His famous against looks are "Gujara No Nath", "Bajadhirat" and Patan N'Pubbata" among others. He founded Bharita's Whas Bharan, in addocráwal trust



UMASHANKAR JOSHI (1911-1988)

'ભોમિયા વિના માટે ભ્રમવા'તા ડુંગરા જંગવની કુંજંકંજ જોવી હતી.જોવી ની કોતરો ને જોવી'તી કદરા રોતા ઝરલાંની આંખ લ્હોવી હતી.'

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Unselvakes point a considered on even of the important literary figures in 20th century Columbia Conference Columbia Control Columbia Control Columbia Control Columbia Columbi



TRIBHUVANDAS PURUSHOTTAMDAS LUHAR (1908-1991)

પાર્ટ અને સ્થાતા, હો દેશના ઓવાર્ટ કે તેજના કુવારે અનંતના ખારે, કે દેશ રસ વાદળિયા...

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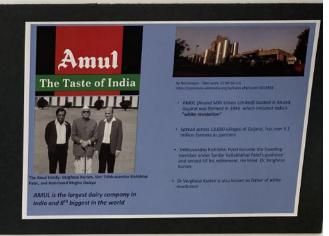
KUNDANIKA KAPADIA (1927-2020)

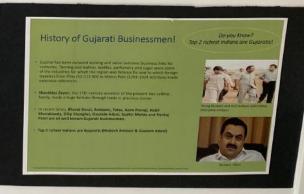












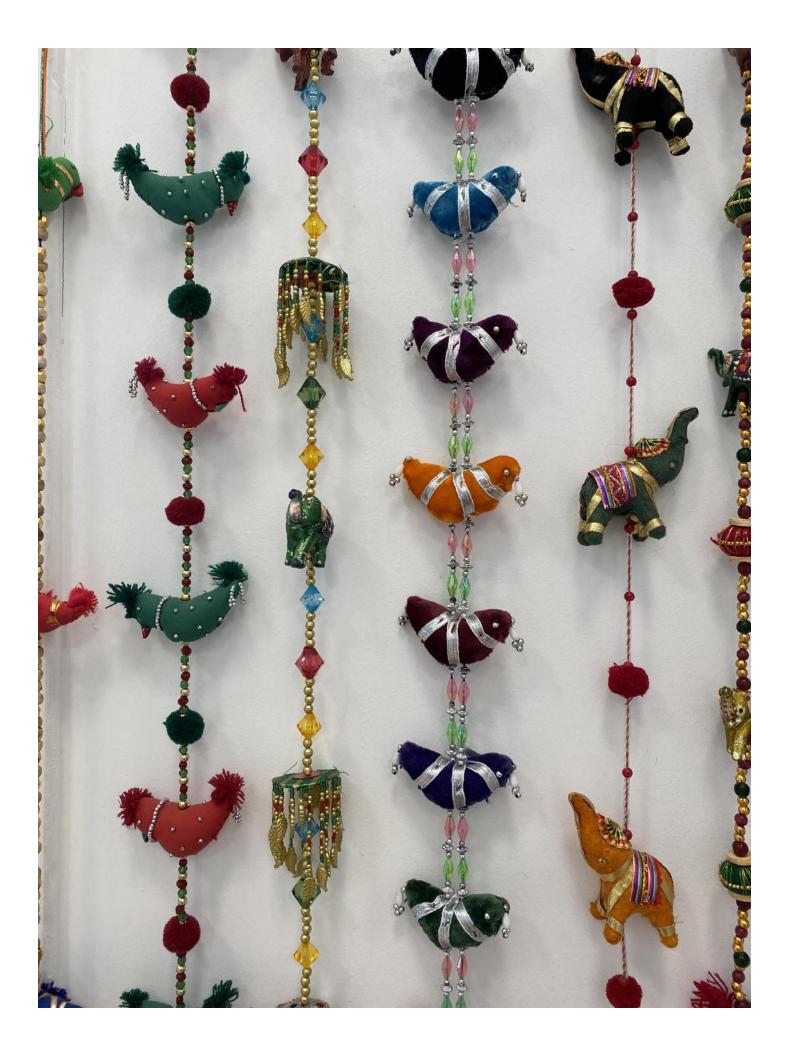






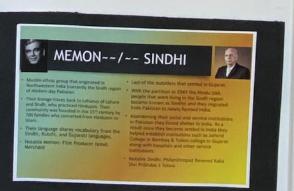


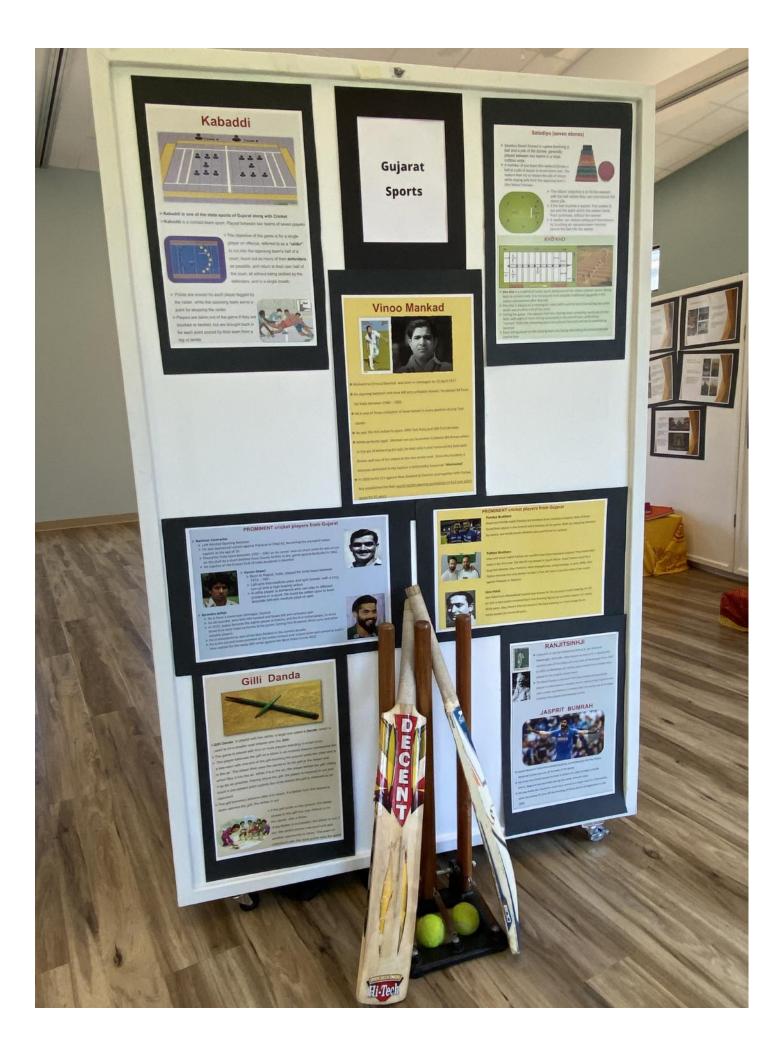










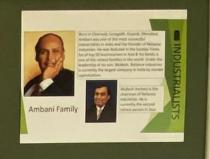














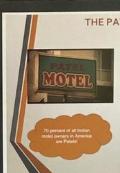
Diaspora

Gujaratis have a long tradition of seafaring and a history of overseas migration to foreign lands, to Yeinen, Desan, Bahroln, Kuwait, Zansiber, East Africa and other countries in the Persion Gulf since a mercantic culture resoluted naturally from the static's promising to the Arabian Son.

The countries with the largest Gujarati populations are United States, United Kingdom, Pakintan, Canada and many countries in Jouthern and East Africa. Globally, Gujaratis are estimated to comp oround 33% of the Indian disapora worldwise and can be found in 129 of 190 countries listed as sovereign notions by the United Nations.

Gujerost Americans control ever 40% of the hospirality market in the country, for a combined net worth of over USSAD billion and also administe franchisecs of fast food resturent choicins such as Subway and Dunkin Dourst. The descendants of the Gujerost immigrant generation have also mad high levels of advisorcement lata professional fields, including as physicians, engineers, TC COS, waterstainment and positivisors.

Gujerata maintain active links with the homeland in the form of business, invescment, remissions and philanthropy



THE PATEL MOTEL CARTEL

- The first Gujarati hotelier in the United States was a man named Kanji Manchhu Desai, who joined two Gujarati farmworkers in California in 1942 to take over a 32-room
- Desai then moved in 1947 to the Hotel Goldfield in San Francisco, His doors were always open to new immigrants from Gujarat. He encouraged them to enter the hospitality business: "If you are a Patel, lease a
- Many followed his advice. They would give each other handshake loans—no collateral, no payment schedule,
- By the 1980s Gujaratis had come to dominate the
- For many second-generation Gujaratis who were raised in a motel run by their parents, life was hard. No boundary existed between work and life.
- These Gujaratis had a strong work ethic and an entrepreneurial spirit. These traits have carried down to generations and now these adult children are working to modernize their family businesses they have inhetited and launching new businesses of their own.







70 percent of all Indian motel owners in America are Patels!

- ✓ The first Gujarati hotelier in the United States was a man named Kanji Manchhu Desai, who joined two Gujarati farmworkers in California in 1942 to take over a 32-room hotel in Sacramento, California.
- ✓ Desai then moved in 1947 to the Hotel Goldfield in San Francisco, His doors were always open to new immigrants from Gujarat. He encouraged them to enter the hospitality business: "If you are a Patel, lease a hotel."
- Many followed his advice. They would give each other handshake loans—no collateral, no payment schedule, just pay when you can.
- ✓ By the 1980s Gujaratis had come to dominate the industry.
- ✓ For many second-generation Gujaratis who were raised in a motel run by their parents, life was hard. No boundary existed between work and life.
- These Gujaratis had a strong work ethic and an entrepreneurial spirit. These traits have carried down to generations and now these adult children are working to modernize their family businesses they have inherited and launching new businesses of their own.







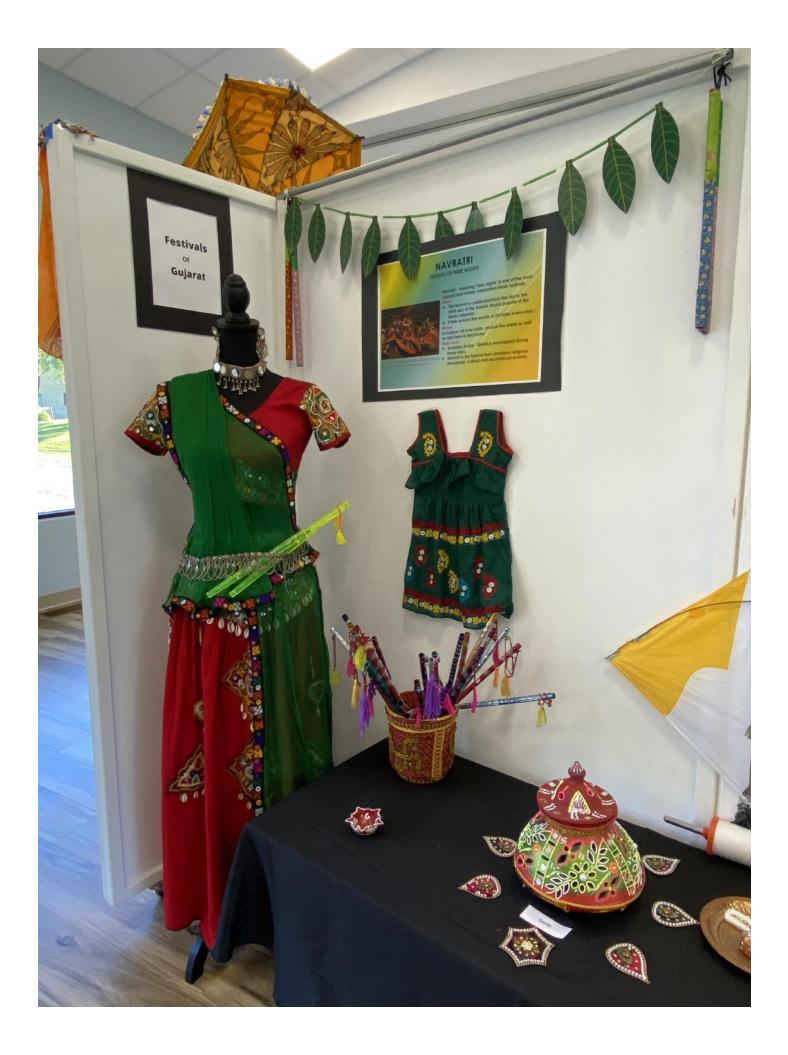


- ➤ Gilli Danda is played with two sticks: a large one called a Danda, which is used to hit a smaller oval shaped one, the Gilli.
- > The game is played with four or more players standing in small circle.
- > The player balances the *gilli* on a stone in an inclined manner (somewhat like a see-saw) with one end of the *gilli* touching the ground while the other end is in the air. The player then uses the *danda* to hit the *gilli* at the raised end, which flips it into the air. While it is in the air, the player strikes the *gilli*, hitting it as far as possible. Having struck the *gilli*, the player is required to run and touch a pre-agreed point outside the circle before the *gilli* is retrieved by an opponent.
 - > The gilli becomes airborne after it is struck. If a fielder from the opposing team catches the gilli, the striker is out



If the *gilli* lands on the ground, the fielder closest to the *gilli* has one chance to hit the *danda* with a throw.

If the fielder is successful, the striker is out; if not, the striker scores one point and gets another opportunity to strike. The team (or individual) with the most points wins the game









Ingredients: *2 cups of water

1/2 cup milk or vegan milk

1/2 inch fresh ginger grated

1.5 tsp loose tea leaves

1/2 tsp cardamom powder

1-2 tsp sugar (optional)

Method:

- 1) In a small pot, boil water with ginger for 2-3 minutes.
- 2) Add loose tea leaves and boil for additional 2-3 minutes.
- 3) Add milk and bring back to boil.
- 4) Turn off the stove and strain in mug(s).
- 5) Add cardamom powder and sugar if desired. Enjoy!

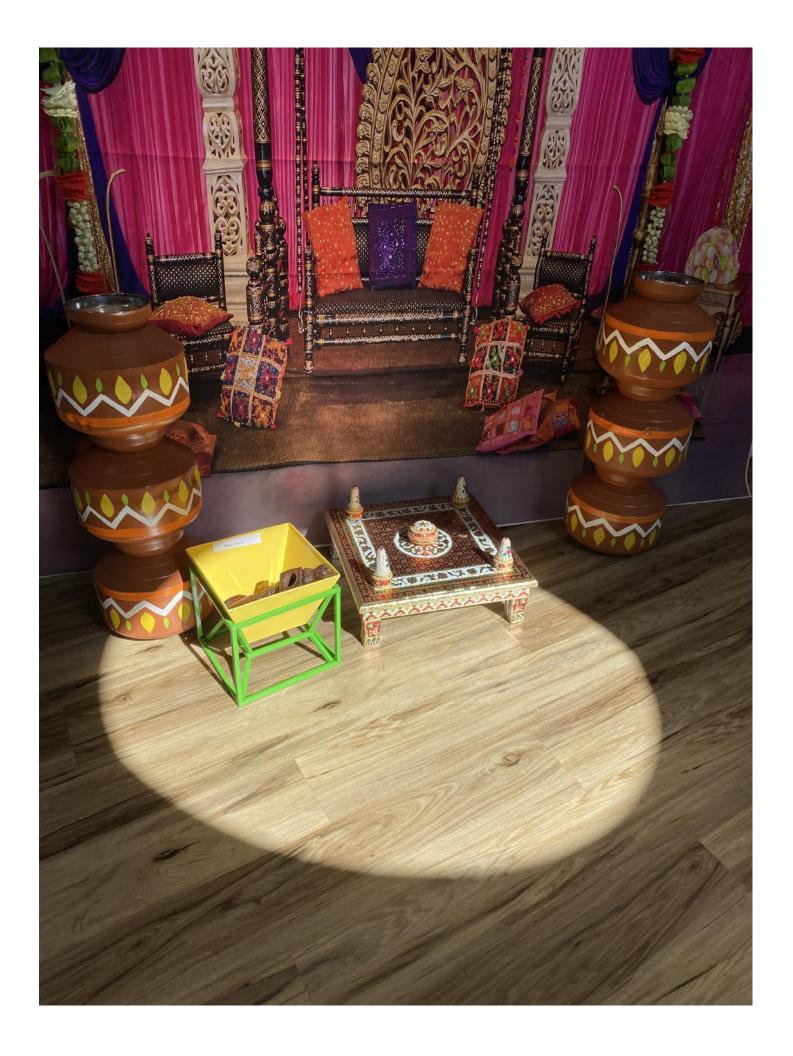
You may substitute ginger for peppermint leaves or lemongrass leaves or use 1/4-1/2 lsp of store bought lea masala powder for different flavors of tea!

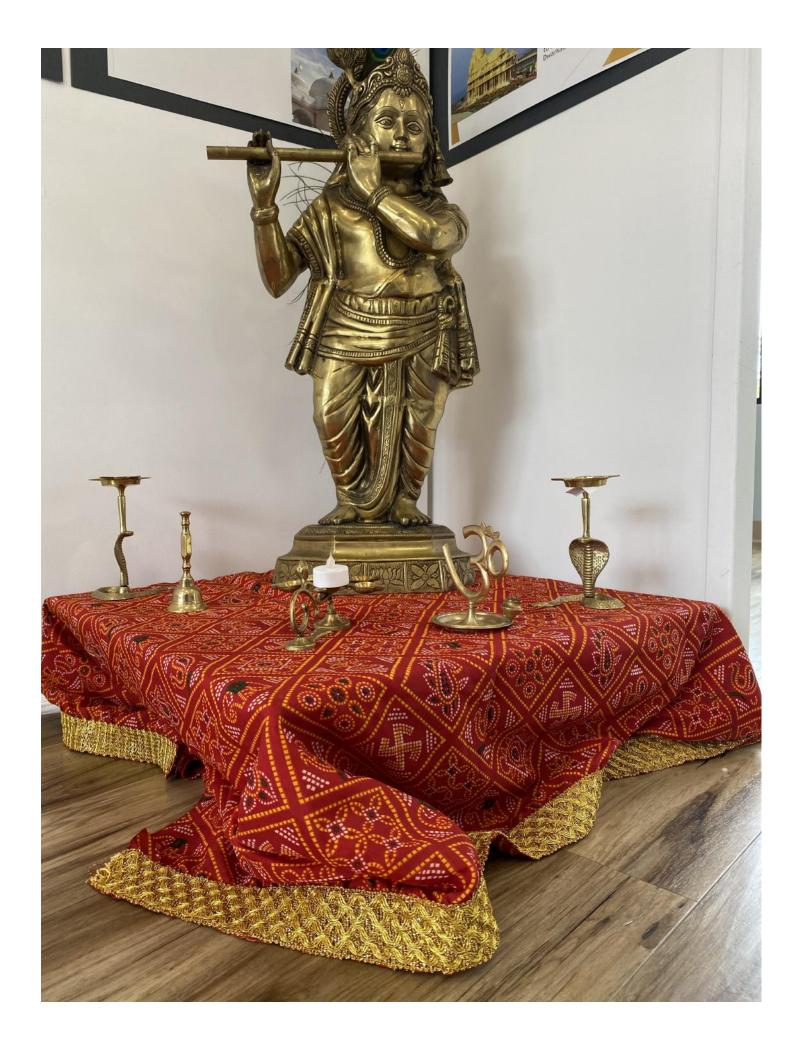




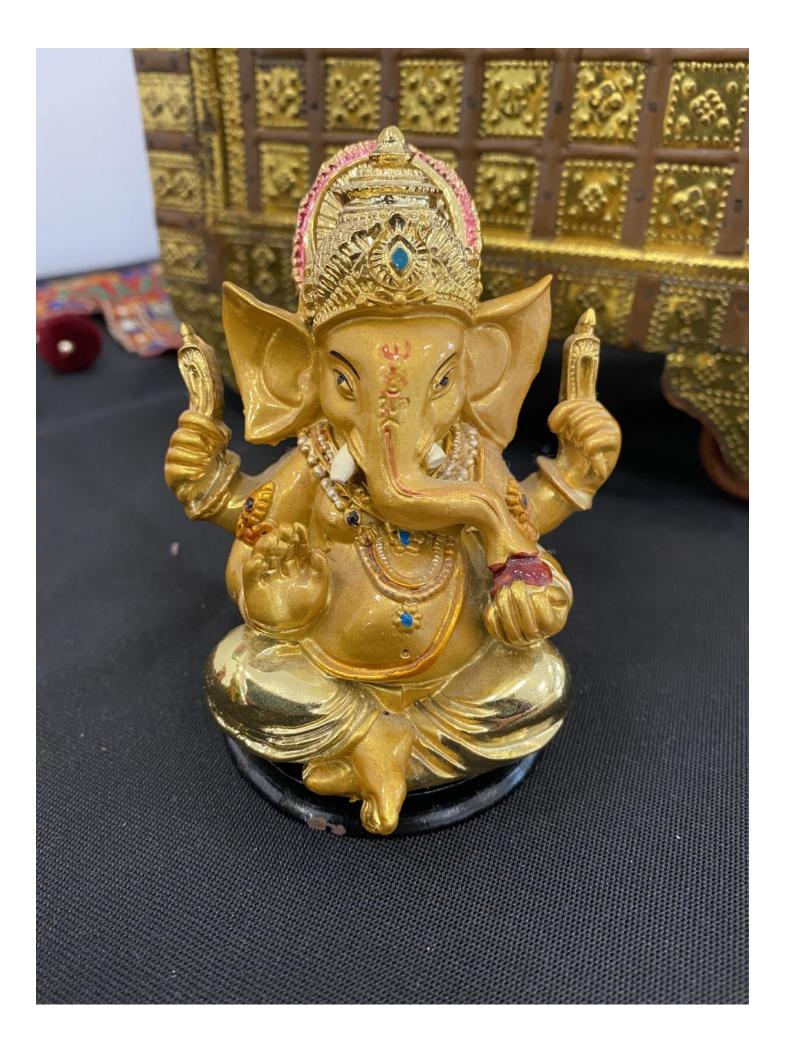


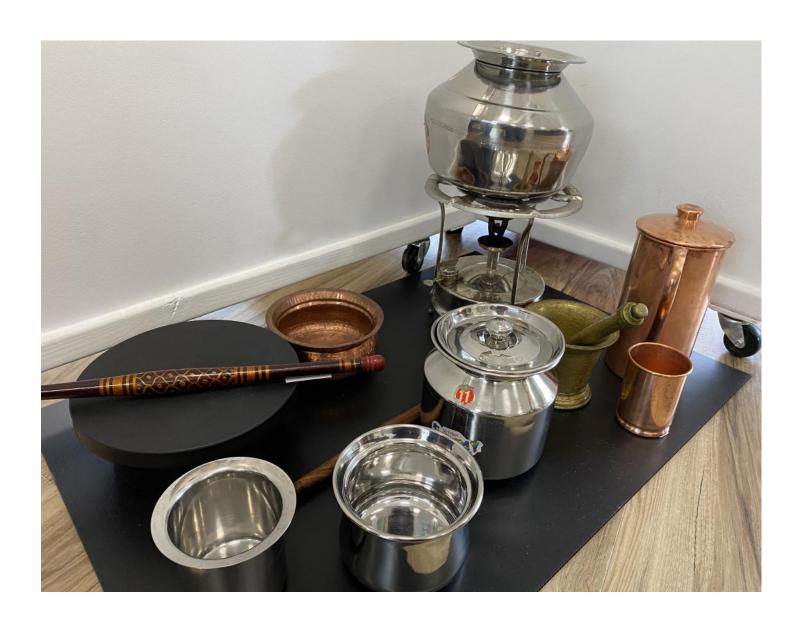












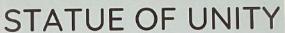
SURAT- Diamond City

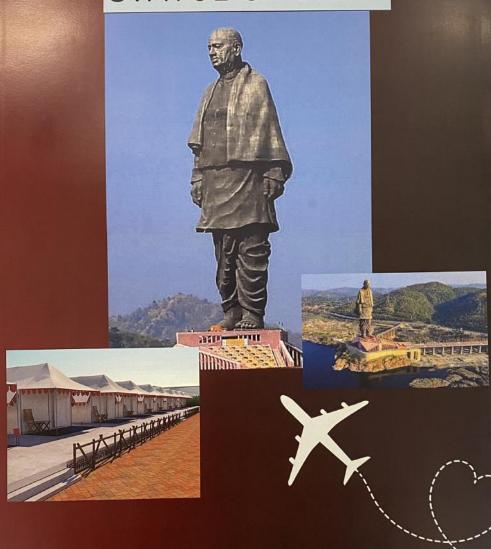




cuts 80% of the world's diamonds! 40% of India's man-made fabric production!

- Commercial and economic center in South Gujarat, and one of the largest urban areas of western India.
 Exports \$12 billion worth of goods including precious stones
- Surat is the second cleanest city of India as of August 2020 according to the Swachh Survekshan
- Industries include steel , petrochemical , fertilizer, energy and engineering





THE STATUE OF UNITY IS THE WORLD'S TALLEST STATUE, WITH A HEIGHT OF 182 METRES









THIS CRICKET STADIUM IS LOCATED NEAR AHMEDABAD AND AS OF 2022, IT IS THE LARGEST STADIUM IN THE WORLD, WITH A SEATING CAPACITY OF 132,000 SPECTATORS





